## **Amendments to the Claims**

This listing of claims will replace all prior version and listings of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

- 1. (Original): A method for producing flavor-active terpenes from terpene hydrocarbons by means of a selective biotransformation and using microorganisms of the ascomycetes, basidiomycetes and deuteromycetes classes, wherein a lyophilized mycel is used which is firstly rehydrated and then mixed with the substrate.
- 2. (Original): The method as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the mycel cells are additionally permeated by ultrasonic treatment and/or extrusion.
- 3. (Currently amended): The method as claimed in either-Claim 1-or Claim 2, wherein the biotransformation is carried out in a submerged culture.
- 4. (Currently amended): The method as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 3-Claim 1, wherein the biotransformation is carried out in an enantioselective, a stereoselective and/or a regioselective manner.
- 5. (Currently amended): The method as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 4 Claim 1, wherein representatives of Fusarium, Pleurotus, Penicillium and Chaetomium are used as the microorganisms.
- 6. (Currently amended): The method as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 5-Claim 5, wherein Fusarium proliferatus, Pleurotus sapidus, Penicillium citrinum and Chaetomium globosum are used as the microorganisms.

- 7. (Currently amended): The method as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 6 Claim 1, wherein mono- and sesquiterpenes are used as the terpene hydrocarbons.
- 8. (Currently amended): The method as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 7 Claim 1, wherein limonene, pinene, valencene, farnesene, thymol and dimethyl allyl alcohol are used as the terpene hydrocarbons.
- 9. (Currently amended): The method as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 8 Claim 8, wherein R-(+) limonene or S-(-) limonene are used as the terpene hydrocarbons.
- 10. (Currently amended): The method as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 9-Claim 1, wherein before the biotransformation an enzyme induction is carried out in the lyophilized mycel by an addition of substrate.
- 11. (Currently amended): The method as claimed in any-one-of-Claims 1 to-10-Claim 1, wherein the biotransformation is carried out in a two-phase system.
- 12. (Original): The method as claimed in Claim 11, wherein the biotransformation is carried out in a two-phase system without co-solvents.
- 13. (Currently amended): The method as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 12-Claim 1, wherein the biotransformation is carried out in a medium with a reduced quantity M of carbon source.
- 14. (Original): The method as claimed in Claim 13, wherein the reduced quantity M of carbon source M is  $< 50 \text{ gL}^{-1}$ .
- 15. (Currently amended): The method as claimed in any-one of Claims 1 to 14-Claim 1, wherein the reaction is carried out in a stirred tank, surface or fixed bed reactor.

- 16. (Currently amended): The method as claimed in any-one of Claims 1 to 15 Claim 1, wherein terpenoid alcohols, epoxides, aldehydes, ketones, multiple alcohols, carbonyls and carbonyl alcohols are obtained as the flavor-active terpenes.
- 17. (Currently amended): The method as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 16-Claim 16, wherein piperitone, isopiperitone, isopiperitenol, isopiperitenone, perillaaldehyde, carvone, carveol, linalool, linalool oxide, terpineol and nootkatol and nootkatone are obtained.
- 18. (Currently amended): The method as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 17 Claim 1, wherein the transformation products are isolated from cellular compartments or fractions.
- 19. (Currently amended): The method as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 18 Claim 1, wherein firstly R-(+)-limonene is biotransformed in an enantioselective manner to cis-(+)-carveol and S-(-)-limonene is biotransformed in an enantioselective manner to trans-(-)-carveol and subsequently trans-(-)-carveol to R-(-)-carvone.
- 20. (Currently amended): The method as claimed in Claim 19, wherein the enantioselective biotransformation of R-(+)-limonene to cis-(+)-carveol is carried out with Fusarium spec. species as the biocatalyst.
- 21. (Original): The method as claimed in Claim 19, wherein the enantioselective transformation of trans-(-)-carveol to R-(-)-carvon is carried out with Pleurotus spec. as the biocatalyst.
- 22. (Currently amended): The method as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 21 Claim 1, wherein bicyclic sesquiterpenes are transformed to β-nootkatol and subsequently to nootkatone.
- 23. (Currently amended): The method as claimed in Claim 22, wherein the transformation of bicyclic sesquiterpenes to β-nootkatol and subsequently to nootkatone is carried out with Chaetomium spec. species.